

THE AMADOR RECORD.

Established November 1, 1855.

JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1900.

Ten Cents Per Copy.

MANY MINING ACCIDENTS

Superintendent Holmes' Injuries Were Fatal.

AN ACCIDENT IN THE UPRASE OF THE HARVARD

Attorneys Drop the Case.—Placerville City Officers Meet for Organization.

CALAVERAS COUNTY.

Prospect, San Andreas, April 28, 1900.

Clifford Nuner, son of Dan Nuner of this place, had a bad fall from a horse last Tuesday that came near proving fatal. The boy was riding a horse belonging to Jules Agostini to water, and was in the vicinity of the blacksmith shop of Harrook & Deitz, when the horse became unruly and its wild plunging threw the boy, who struck the hard ground, falling on his hip and side. He was picked up unconscious and Dr. McLaughlin was quickly summoned. It was some time before any signs of life could be perceived, but by hard work he was restored to consciousness. He was conveyed to his home, and though suffering great pain in the region of the neck and from the effects of the shock, he is at present writing slowly recovering. The wild rumors prevailed in town regarding the boy's condition, it being reported several times that he was dead, but the doctor says that at no time were the symptoms particularly bad, though the boy doubtless had a very close call.

Dominick Gudica met with a serious accident in the Sheep Ranch mine Thursday morning just before the men came off shift. He was working in one of the stopes when a large piece of slate fell from the wall striking him a glancing blow on the side of the head and side, literally tearing the flesh from the bone on side and thigh. Dr. Schumaker was called and dressed the wounds, making the man as comfortable as possible, but it will be some time before he is able to go on shift again.

On the 4th instant, E. G. Holmes, superintendent of the San Justo or Jones mine, was badly injured by a cave in the mine, as told by the Prospect at the time. Though he was known to be severely injured it was thought at the time that he would quickly recover. He did seem to get along well at first, but a few days later he took a sudden turn for the worse, and on Monday, the 23d instant, he passed away. It is now known that the internal injuries were much worse than first supposed. It will be remembered that he was buried by the falling rock to his neck, and it was some time before he was rescued. The terrible pressure to which he was subjected, evidently reached the sources of life and caused fatal derangement. Mr. Holmes had only been engaged at the mine about two weeks when the accident happened. The remains were taken to Hollister, San Benito county, for burial. Mr. Holmes was a married man and leaves a widow and seven children to mourn his loss.

Citizen, San Andreas, April 28, 1900.

Mrs. Steel, who recently got corvise sublimated in one of her eyes, will lose the same, according to physicians treating her in San Francisco. She is the wife of Professor A. L. Steel, formerly of this town.

Riley Senter, who recently moved from Murphy to Stockton, was treasurer of the Masonic Lodge for nearly fifty years, Wells-Fargo agent for twenty years and clerk of the Board of School Trustees of Murphy district for fifty years. Besides he had been postmaster on different occasions for about sixteen years.

Record, Angels Camp, April 28, 1900.

Just one month ago last Sunday night Patrick Joseph Kelley, working in the Lightner mine, was caught under a cave and badly injured. The rock in falling caught him across the hips, breaking down the pelvis bone, which penetrated the bladder. He was given every attention, but for the past two weeks it was known that he could not recover. Last Sunday night he died, and on Monday his remains were taken to his former home, Sonora, for burial, which took place Tuesday. He was a native of this State, having been born in Sonora, and was 30 years and 6 months old at the time of his death. He was unmarried, but leaves his mother and one brother.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY.

New Era, Carters, April 27, 1900.

A break occurred in the main ditch of the Tuolumne County Water Company at a point high up in the mountains, last Sunday, and as a consequence all the mines along the line were compelled to partially close down for a few days. As soon as the break was discovered a large force of men was sent out and yesterday completed the necessary repairs.

During the last storm a little snow fell in Carters, though it laid on the ground but a few minutes. Along the West Side Flume and Lumber Company's narrow gauge it was sufficiently heavy to stop work for a day or two. At Sugar Pine there were six inches, while eight inches was the measurement at the Empire sawmill, and though all melted within twenty-four hours it made the roads so impassable that the big lumber teams were compelled to skip a trip. A great deal of snow is

reported to have fallen in the higher Sierra.

Mother Lode Magnet, Jamestown, April, 25, 1900.

An accident occurred in an upraise at the Harvard mine Monday night, which fortunately was not serious. Charles Zany and David Cunio fired nine holes and then descended the ladder sixty feet and counted. One hole missed fire, Zany went up and supplied another fuse. He had gone down only thirty feet when the shot went off. He heard the report and protected himself by keeping his head directly beneath a timber. He hung on to the ladder with a death-like clutch while an avalanche of debris shot by him. Then he slid down the air pipe, and, as he reached the bottom of the upraise, fell unconscious. Cunio, who was at the bottom of the ladder when the shot went off, was hurled against the sides of the raise by the force of the concussion and somewhat stunned. He was soon himself again, and, after lighting a candle, devoted his attention to reviving Zany, who it was found had a severe scalp wound which was dressed later by Doctor Congdon.

Independent, Sonora, April 28, 1900.

The suit for \$15,000 damages brought by Charles W. Carr against Vincent Wooters was by consent ordered dismissed without costs last Saturday, after the case had occupied the attention of the court for the greater part of the week. The motion for dismissal was made by the attorneys for the plaintiff, who stated that they had been deceived as to the character of the case, and that the plaintiff had not shown good faith in his representations as to facts. The motion was made after considerable evidence had been introduced.

EL DORADO COUNTY.

Republican, Placerville, April 26, 1900.

The City Fathers assembled for organization at the Courthouse Monday morning, the day required by the charter for this proceeding. They all look sufficiently paternal for ordinary purposes—even Jay Fox, the juvenile member of the Board, having a fatherly air of coming responsibilities. They were all sworn in and the bonds of the elective officers were fixed. Alderman Ingham was elected President of the Council. He will be the presiding officer in the absence of the Mayor. The Board selected Fred Irwin as City Attorney and for Treasurer A. Merson. The date of the next meeting was set for the evening of the 24th at the Courthouse as a temporary expedient till a permanent place of assembly can be arranged. It is understood that one or both of the fire companies will offer a hall to the City Council as a meeting place free of rent.

Coroner Winchell investigated the death of John McGraw, who was found dead near Fairplay last week, and found that death resulted from old age and heart disease. The deceased had been under treatment for some time by Dr. Taylor at Fairplay. The remains were removed to Placerville and interred in the Catholic cemetery last Thursday. It is said that Mr. McGraw had about \$1500, and that a will was left disposing of this amount.

J. A. Vance, Superintendent of the Starlight mine, was in Placerville Monday. Mr. Vance is an Amador county miner, who was born and raised on the Mother Lode.

Democrat, Placerville, April 28, 1900.

At 8:30 o'clock last Thursday evening an alarm was sounded for a blaze on Beechcroft. On reaching the scene it was found to be the newly constructed residence of W. E. Collins. Being outside the fire and water system area, the firemen were unable to render any assistance, and the house and nearly all its contents were quickly consumed. The loss falls rather heavily on Mr. Collins as he had just completed the building at a cost of \$900, and the painters had only the day before been paid off. There was an insurance of \$500 on the house and \$200 on the furniture and clothing. The cause of the fire was the proverbial terra cotta stovepipe.

On Every Bottle

Of Shiloh's Consumption cure is this guarantee: "All we ask of you is to use two-thirds of the contents of this bottle faithfully, then if you can say you are not benefited, return the bottle to your druggist and he will refund the price paid." Price paid 25c, 50c and \$1. For sale by A. Goldner, Druggist.

Sold His Meteor.

The Mining and Scientific Press of April 21st, has the following item of local interest: "To San Francisco on the 19th inst. was brought what the shipper says was sold to him for a meteor. The chunk weighs 1800 pounds and is locally considered valuable, as the greater part of it is thought by the shipper to be copper. He says he bought it from a man in Amador county who told him that it fell from the skies about fifteen years ago, and many residents of that county say they remember a meteor falling there about that time. It is about the shape of a potato and seems to be of the usual composition of aerolites."

Do Not Overlook This

And purchase from some one else. Just received my spring and summer goods, which I carefully selected while in the city, and they are now ready for inspection. Come one, come all and get your first pick. I am also making a special sale of summer pants, valued at \$10, selling at \$7.50. Remember that this sale will only last for six weeks. MAX LADAR, 4-6 tf The Tailor, Jackson, Cal.

Remember That

You can always get good, fresh fish the whole year around at A. B. Caminetti's Central Market Main street, Jackson, 64-96

RECOGNITION IN CONGRESS

Irrigation Receives Considerable Attention.

WORK OF INVESTIGATION BY ELWOOD MEAD

Several Millions Have Contributed to the Construction of Canals in Egypt.

While for a great many years there has been much talk of urging upon Congress the necessity and importance of reclaiming the arid West through a series of internal improvement by the Government, there has been but little serious or concerted effort made in this direction. Great undertakings are not accomplished in a single year of agitation and some of the most beneficial measures ever enacted were before Congress for a long period of years. But the failure of the Government thus far to appropriate money for reservoir construction has led some men to assert that it is useless to make any further effort to induce Congress to render this desired assistance. This is certainly a superficial view of the situation. The records of Congress show that, until the last two years, but little has been attempted in the way of introduction of bills, urging the matter before committees or any other direct work done to accomplish the construction of storage reservoirs. Such claims, therefore, made by some few men that because Congress has not, during the past twenty years, favorably considered the proposition, and has not appropriated anything for the building of storage reservoirs, that, therefore, it will not be just as well for the West to give up such a useless campaign and combine on some other policy, must be considered as a weak and nervous view.

Although the policy of national aid in the building of storage reservoirs has not yet been established, yet Congress is fully alive to the importance of the irrigation subject and regularly appropriates considerable sums for stream measurements, reservoir surveys, irrigation investigations, etc. The present agricultural bill carries \$35,000 for irrigation investigations by the Department of Agriculture and appropriations have been regularly made by Congress for such work since 1890. The Department is now doing active work along this line.

"There is need," says Professor Elwood Mead, who is carrying on the work in the field, "for a systematic investigation to determine the volume of water used in the growth of crops, both to ascertain the requirements of different climates, and to determine the relation between the variations in the demands of crops and the fluctuations in the flow of streams. This information is needed as a basis for the proper diversion of streams by administrative officers. It is needed by canal builders in order to properly design these structures and it is needed by farmers to promote the saving of water and thus limit losses through an inadequate supply, or to extend the acreage which can be cultivated."

PRACTICAL MEASUREMENTS.

"Measurements should be made to show the utility of storage reservoirs and the part they can be made to perform in both saving the crops of farmers, now living along streams and make it possible for others to settle there. Without a definite knowledge of the variations which exist between the use of water in different months of the irrigation season and the fluctuation in the discharge of a stream, we can only conjecture as to the amount of flood water available for storage."

It will be no small task, according to Mr. Mead, to put into shape a correct and intelligible guide which may be relied upon as an authoritative summary of the data on which the development of the irrigation system of the great West should be founded.

THE CANALS OF EGYPT.

The great system of canals which afford fertility to Egypt has been developed at an expense of fearful suffering and labor on the part of its constructors. Many of the largest of the canals have been built by unpaid labor or what is known as the corvée. When Mehmet Ali, at the beginning of the century began the canals which today cut up the country, corvées of more than 300,000 men were seen, drafted from every part of Egypt, digging the Mahmoudia canal. At that time the labor demanded annually by this despotism corresponded to the employment of 450,000 laborers for four months. The poor fellows who were thus driven to onerous labors, usually received no benefit to their own lands. The methods employed in excavating were the most primitive. The only tools used were the fass, a kind of large hoe, and the couffin, a basket woven from the stems of palms. The corvée was usually divided into diggers and carriers and children frequently constituted the latter. The corvée was directed by none too gentle overseers. In the digging of Egypt's canals the lash has played an important part.

Is a Good Thing.

Muddy complexion, nauseating breath come from chronic constipation. Karl's Clover Root Tea is an absolute cure and has been sold for fifty years on an absolute guarantee. Price 50c and \$1. For sale by A. Goldner, Druggist.

M. F. Church Services.

Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 2 p. m.; Epworth League, 6:45 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday, 7:30 p. m. Morrow, pastor.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA.

The Faculty Gave a Banquet to the Philippine Commissioners.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, April 25, 1900.—The freshmen and sophomores of the University of California met on the campus in a rush at 4 o'clock last Monday afternoon, April 23d. It was not the old-time irresponsible scrimmage, but a game, played under the supervision of the director of physical culture and student referees according to a rigid code of rules which rid it of all objectionable features.

The president and a number of other members of the University were at the dock Tuesday, April 17th, to bid good-by to Professor Bernard Moses, the new Philippine Commissioner, when he sailed for Manila on the transport Hancock. The formal farewell of the University was a great rally on the campus Friday morning, April 13th, when Professor Moses and Judge William H. Taft of the commission addressed the students. Saturday evening the faculty gave a banquet in San Francisco in honor of Professor Moses and the Commissioners.

The last academic act of Professor Moses was to conduct the public examination of Miss Jessica Peixotto of San Francisco for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. Miss Peixotto graduated from the University in 1894, studied in Paris, and has recently completed an important thesis on the French Revolution and Modern French Socialism.

Great interest has been shown in the five lectures on recent French poetry which are being delivered at Hearst Hall by M. Henri de Regnier of Paris, one of the most celebrated of contemporary poets. Professor and Madame F. V. Paget have invited twelve hundred guests to meet M. and Madame de Regnier at Hearst Hall on Friday evening.

The last recitations for the year were held on Wednesday, April 25th. On Thursday the annual inspection, parade, review and sham battle of the University cadets took place. Examinations will begin April 27th, and continue until Wednesday, May 9th. Class day will be on May 10th; commencement on Wednesday, May 16th.

Chapters of Alpha Tau Omega, the men's fraternity, and of Delta Delta Delta, the sorority, have been established in the University of California. The Lick Observatory has just published a large volume entitled, "Meridian Circle Observations of Three Hundred and Ten Stars," in which for the first time the results are made public of a series of extremely important observations by Astronomer R. H. Tucker. It embodies the results of over five thousand observations during a period of several years.

Do You Know

Consumption is preventable! Science has proven that, and also that neglect is suicidal. The worst cough or cough can be cured with Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure. Sold on positive guarantee for over fifty years. For sale by A. Goldner, Druggist.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

International General Secretary to Be Present at the State Meeting.

San Jose is taking more than usual interest in the preparations being made for the State Convention of the Northern California Sunday School Association that meets June 19th to 21st, owing to the great crowd that is expected to be present to greet the International General Secretary, Marion Lawrence, of Toledo, Ohio, and a party of five men who will accompany him as representatives of the International work. The party is sent out to attend the convention at a cost of \$2000, and the 91,000 members of the California Association are going to be represented by the largest number of delegates ever sent up to a State meeting. Each of the 1500 schools is entitled to send "five delegates besides their pastor, or superintendent, and one additional delegate for each fifty members enrolled in their school above the first fifty." All Protestant Sunday schools of the State are members of the association, and use the International Lessons in their schools. These lessons are used by 17,500,000 persons each Sunday.

The party of international representatives will visit all the Northwestern States in their tour, which will consume about six weeks' time. The General Secretary of the California Association, Earl S. Bingham, of San Jose, is now visiting all the counties at the time of their county Sunday school institutes, and besides talking methods for large delegations to attend the State meeting. Much enthusiasm is shown by the members, and the county presidents, who are transportation managers, are planning for special cars and trains. Besides this there is a one and one-third round trip rate open to all from all parts of the State. Railroad certificates, provisional programs, delegates' credential blanks, etc., can be secured by addressing the General Secretary, Earl S. Bingham, San Jose.

How Is Your Wife?

Has she lost her beauty? If so constipation, indigestion, sick headache, are the principal causes. Karl's Clover Root Tea has cured these ills for half a century. Price 50c and \$1. Money refunded if results are not satisfactory. For sale by A. Goldner, Druggist.

Free to Inventors.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 30,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents, with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases, etc., etc.

This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

TO PREVENT FOREST FIRES

An Official Investigation to Be Made.

THEY MADE HIM TAKE THE FOUR DOLLARS

Ceylon Green Tea.—He Always Had to Stand When He Heard Beecher Talk.

Investigation of the causes, effects, and means of prevention of forest fires in the West, will be carried on this summer in Washington, Oregon, California, Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Idaho, South Dakota. Besides field study, designated chiefly to discover means of preventing the evil, the Division is making a historic record of all important fires which have occurred in the United States since 1754. Although yet incomplete, this indicates that the annual recorded loss by forest burnings in the United States is, at the very lowest, \$20,000,000. It will probably run far above this sum, as the Pacific coast States have been only partially examined. Accounts of over 5,500 disastrous fires have been obtained in the seventeen States already examined. Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin have suffered the most severely. These records are taken chiefly from newspapers, and where it has been possible to compare them with the figures of practical lumbermen, it has been found that the tendency of the press is to underestimate the damage.

A Fortunate Mistake.

"There is a young man in Chicago," says a local physician, "who now has a good business and bright prospects who received his start in life by securing \$4 that did not belong to him. I hardly know under what to class the incident of obtaining the money. I will let the story explain his actions."

This young man arrived in Chicago one day without funds, but with plenty of nerve and push. He wanted money to secure a meal and pay his room rent until he could secure a position. Believing he could find some man who would help him if he told his story in a straightforward manner, he entered a cigar establishment in Dearborn street. He was about to explain his condition and ask for assistance until he could get a position when the proprietor looked up with a fierce scowl. He turned to his partner, and they held a consultation for a few moments. "Now, take this \$4 and don't bother me about that bill again. That's all you will get, and now you can get out of this place in a hurry," exclaimed the storekeeper. "The young man was pushed toward the door with the money in his hand, and, try as he would, the storekeeper would not let him talk. Once in the street the bewildered fellow considered the matter in every detail and decided to keep the money. This he did, and a month or so later he again walked into the cigar store and told his story and returned the money."—Chicago News.

Ceylon Green Tea.

Encouraged by the success they have made with black teas in America, the planters of Ceylon have been experimenting in order to produce a green tea—pure, uncolored and unfermented. Samples have been coming over for several months for examination by experts, and in nearly every case the reports have been highly favorable and to the effect that the teas are clean and free from adulteration and coloring matter. Several small lots of Ceylon greens, made after the manner of the most approved samples, have arrived and have been eagerly purchased, and at present the demand is in excess of the supply.—N. Y. Tribune.

Beecher's Hard Luck.

One day in a town where he was to lecture Mr. Beecher went into a barber shop to be shaved. The barber, not knowing him, asked him whether he was going to hear Beecher lecture.

"I guess so," was the reply. "Well," continued the barber, "if you haven't got a ticket you can't get one. They're all sold, and you'll have to stand."

"That's just my luck," said Mr. Beecher. "I always did have to stand when I've heard that man talk."—The Ladies' Home Journal.

An Unfortunate Interruption.

"We ought to apply the principles of our political system," the curbstone orator was saying to the group of listeners gathered around him, "to all our possessions. It is our boast as Americans that our government rests upon the consent of the governed."

"Gwan, now!" exclaimed an imposing figure in uniform, with a star upon his breast and a strong Milesian accent, pushing the crowd right and left and hustling the orator briskly along. "Don't block up the sidewalk!"—Chicago Tribune.

Up to Date.

Jones—I hear he got all the negro vote. Johnston—Yes, instead of running for office, he cake-walked.—Kansas City Independent.

H. Clark, Chauncey, Ga., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him of piles that had afflicted him for twenty years. It is also a speedy cure for skin diseases. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. City Pharmacy.

In the Canadian Northwest.

That evening I dined at the hotel, sitting next to a Bishop in orthodox Episcopal garb. At the next table was a quiet looking youth, who was held presumptive to an English marquisate; another was in a very similar position, owing to a recent return among the killed and wounded in South Africa.

The Bishop, if I may be allowed to use such a disrespectful expression, was chortling. He was doing it softly and unobtrusively, but he was undeniably tickled. The night before he had found himself alone in a Pullman with a prominent rancher and a Japanese student from an American university. They had read all their papers, talked themselves hoarse, and the rancher suggested a game of whist. To get a fourth they enlisted the services of the colored porter on the car. "The porter played a remarkably fine rubber," said his lordship gleefully; "the Jap had only played twice before, but he picked it up in the most wonderful manner; but I wonder what they would think of such a quartet over in England!" I always did respect that Bishop.

"I left on the train that night, with a couple of police officers from Calgary, in the heart of the ranching district, where they were raising another similar corps, enlisting some of the finest cowboys in the Territories. One man, they told me, presented himself to the recruiting officer, and stated his various qualifications strongly but concisely.

The officer looked at him hard and said: "Where have I seen you before? Why, you've been convicted three times of horse stealing!" "Yes, sir," responded the unabashed volunteer, lopefully, "and I've brought my rope!"

The sequel of the story is unauthenticated, but it is whispered that that officer will never be short of a good horse if there is one anywhere in the neighborhood during the campaign.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Wooded Area of the U. S.

The former official estimate of the wooded area of the United States, placed at 26 per cent., has been raised to 37 per cent. by the latest computations of the Division of Geography and Forestry of the U. S. Geological Survey. That office has issued a bulletin containing new figures on American forests, some of which tend to prove the national timber resources greater than is supposed.

The two latest States to be examined are Oregon and Washington. The former is estimated to contain 234,653 million feet, B. M., in standing timber; the latter, 114,773 million feet. Destruction by fire has been exceedingly serious in Washington. On the assumption that the burned areas contained on an average as much timber as the untouched portion, 40,000 million feet have been destroyed since lumbering began. This amount would supply all the sawmills of the United States for two years, and at a value of only 75 cents a thousand, means a dead loss to the State of \$30,000,000. The amount actually logged in the same period has been 36,000 million feet, making the estimate by the same comparison of areas. Oregon has suffered less from both fire and lumbering, owing to the smaller facilities for marketing the product.

Tell Your Sister

A beautiful complexion is an impossibility without good blood, the sort that only exists in connection with good digestion, a healthy liver and bowels. Karl's Clover Root Tea acts directly on the bowels, liver and kidneys, keeping them in perfect health. Price 50c and \$1. For sale by A. Goldner, Druggist.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAFE DEPOSIT.—Safe deposit boxes can be rented from the Bank of Amador County at the small expense of 35 cents a month, thereby securing you against any possible loss from fire or otherwise. Don't overlook this opportunity of protecting your valuables.

SAVE MONEY.—Patronize a home institution. Send money away through the Bank of Amador County; you will save 10 per cent and upward over postoffice or express. Money sent to all parts of the United States and also all parts of the world. We have the latest quotations on foreign exchange.

SAVE MONEY.—It doesn't cost anything to deposit money in the Bank of Amador County. They receive deposits from \$5 up. Commence the new year by opening up a bank account. A man or woman with a bank account has a financial standing. Don't bury your money; when you die it can't be found and you are liable to be robbed while alive.

It Is True

That We Keep the Best Quality of Drugs and the Largest and Most Complete Variety Stock in the County.

A Host of Patrons Will Tell You This and Will Direct You to

THE CITY PHARMACY.

ROBERT I. KERR

Main Street JACKSON

LEDGER'S CLUBBING RATES.

Ledger and Daily Call, one year, \$7.50

Ledger and Weekly Call, one year, 3.00

Ledger and Daily Bulletin, one year, 8.50

Ledger and Semi-Weekly Bulletin, 1 yr, 4.20

Ledger and Weekly Bulletin, one year, 3.80

Ledger and Daily Chronicle, one year, 7.70

Ledger and Weekly Chronicle, one year, 3.40

Ledger and Weekly Examiner, one year, 3.60

Ledger and Daily Examiner, one year, 8.30

Ledger and N. Y. Weekly Tribune, 1 yr, 3.00

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, 1 yr, 3.35

Ledger and R. P. Weekly Post, one year, 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year, 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, 1 yr, 3.00

Ledger and "Twice a Week," one year, 3.00

And the above rates are strictly in advance.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"I found your medicine a blessing to me and my family."

There are women who feel something like a grudge against the children, who, one after another rob their mother of her beauty and strength. Men do not usually realize how much the mother gives to each child to her own loss. Women accept it as part of the obligation of Nature and pay the debt grudgingly. Yet in Nature's plan every child is a new joy and fresh happiness. It isn't the children that steal the mother's strength. It is the unnatural drains and pains which weaken her.

Every woman who has used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has found in it the one thing woman has waited for. It stops the drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, makes the baby's advent a pleasure and his life a blessing. No opiates or narcotics are contained in "Favorite Prescription."

"I read what your medicine had done for other people," writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, Box 3, Beechwood, Norfolk Co., Mass. "so thought I would try it, and I found that it was a blessing to me and my family. I began in June and took six bottles of your medicine, and three vials of 'Pellets.' I took your medicine a year when I had a ten pound girl. I had the easiest time I ever had with any of my children. I have been very well since. I took three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' three of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and three vials of 'Pellets.' I had no appetite and could not eat much without it. I weighed 115 pounds, and now I weigh 135 pounds. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the brain by cleansing the body of the corruption which clouds it."

L. OETTINGER S. N. KNIGHT

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Foundry & Machine Shop

Sutter Creek, Cal.

BUILDERS OF WATER WHEELS OF

all kinds of latest and most approved patterns, and

all kinds of iron pipe. Every description of

mining and milling machinery made at the

lowest prices. We have a large stock of

blacksmiths and other workers in iron to the

fact that we keep constantly on hand a large

and complete stock of bar, refined and Norway

iron, gas pipe, cast fittings, etc., which we will

sell at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

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Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers

in Imported and Domestic

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P. BUFFINGTON : : : Editor and Manager

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1900

ANGLOPHOBIC HYSTERIA.

Fresno Republican: "I want nothing to do with that nation of robbers and murderers, unless it be to join the other nations of the earth in a notice to England that she must close her career of piracy, must pull down her black flag, and withdraw her armed forces from all her colonies and allow them to be free."

So says Pettigrew, the hysterical, speaking of England, the only nation on earth whose colonies are already free. One can imagine the amusement with which this fervid offer of revolutionary assistance would be read in Canada, Australia, or by any intelligent resident of any English colony in the world. It is high time that such nonsense ceased to play its role in American political discussion. England is not America; her ways are not as our ways, her ideals not as our ideals, and we think, and doubtless rightly think, that our ways and ideals are far better. But England is not the arch-fiend, the international ogre. On the contrary, England is the most enlightened nation in the world, barring our own, and all the traditions that make us great have their beginning far back in English history. English colonial government is the freest and fairest and the only disinterested colonial government in the world. English civilization, in its various developments, is the one dominant fact in the world to-day, and the best fact. Every intelligent man in the United States knows these things, including the politicians who do the loudest proclaiming of the contrary assertion, and it would be the part of justice as well as dignity to recognize the truth.

England has faults enough and crimes enough, as what nation has not? There can be no more objection to an intelligent statement of these faults than to an intelligent recognition of the services to civilization which they have marred but not vitiated. But there is no excuse of truth and there ought to be no pretext of public acclaim for making political capital out of these hysterical denunciations of England as a "nation of robbers and murderers."

ONE of the exhibits at the Paris Exposition by the Department of Agriculture of our Government, shows the reason and the wherefore of the fact that on a bad road, an ordinary American country road, it takes twenty horses to draw an eleven ton load; on a good road one horse draws the same load as easily as did the twenty horses in the other case. What folly to go to Paris with such an exhibition when it ought to be placed on view in every county in the home land. What we want is proof of the pudding right here, and likewise proof to convict the minds of our own people that the road which enables a load to be moved most swiftly with least power, is cheaper than one that demands most power to move the least load. Some day the American people will awaken fully to the fact that they are paying a thousand per cent. more for their bad roads. Until that awakening comes we will continue to go to mill with the stone in one end of the bag.—Record-Union.

SENATOR FAIRBANKS knows the politics of Indiana as few men do, and how much he thinks of the alleged Republican revolt in that State, which is so big in the columns of the anti-Republican press and so hard to find by those on the ground, may be judged by his having said of the political outlook. "The administration stands in higher favor today than ever before, and will undoubtedly be sustained by the people, who are not prepared to check, interrupt, or reverse the present prosperous condition of affairs. It is not possible that the people will repeat the mistake of 1892. The Republican party has redeemed the principal pledges made in 1896, and has brought prosperity to all classes of our people. We are quite ready to meet our opponents in the campaign." Of the Porto Rico tariff, now a law, the alleged cause of the alleged Republican revolt, Senator Fairbanks said: "It is based upon proper principles and will justify itself. My information shows that a very strong current in its favor is setting in, and as it becomes better understood the criticism will decrease."

BRYAN's followers are not happy. The cause of their growing uneasiness can be safely attributed to Perry Belmont's recent appearance in Washington as one of Dewey's financial backers. The report that Boss Croker, who is on the eve of departure from Europe for this country, has made a deal with ex-Senator Hill by which it is hoped to send the New York delegates uninstructed to the Kansas City convention, is also gall and bitterness to the Bryan would-be President makers. They are afraid that Dewey will tumble their idol into the mire. John McLean's success in undermining Bryan sentiment in Ohio, is also casting its shadow of gloom, and Admiral Dewey's statement of his position on public questions caps the climax and they turn aside and weep.

SENATOR CHANDLER thinks Gov. Roosevelt is the man to be nominated for Vice-President on the Republican ticket. Speaking about it he said: "I am for Roosevelt, and I do not recognize his right to say that he will not accept the Vice Presidential nomination, if the National Convention should name him. Neither do I recognize the right of President McKinley or Senator Hanna to act for the party in deciding upon the Vice Presidency in advance of the convention. The delegates will name the Vice Presidential nominee. Their judgment must determine, and any man who is named will accept. The office has never been refused, and if Gov. Roosevelt is named by the convention, he will accept."

THE Clark investigation, which caused the Senate Committee on Elections to report that Clark, of Montana, was not entitled to a seat in the Senate, which he spent something like a quarter of a million dollars to get, had the immediate effect of causing a resolution to be passed in the House, with only fifteen adverse votes, proposing a constitutional amendment for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

SPAIN'S attempt to retain three islands on the outskirts of the Philippine group was a total failure. The claim was made on the ground that these islands were outside of the geographical bounds named in the Paris treaty. The Paris agreement gave to this government the entire territory of Spain in the Philippine and Sulu archipelagos.

THE Navy Department has made a contract for the purchase of the submarine torpedo boat Holland, which has been giving some wonderful exhibitions on the Potomac river, and for such other boats of the same type as may be desired in the future. \$150,000 is to be paid for the Holland.

CONCLAVE ADJOURNS.

Past Commander Merrill Installs the New State Officers.

The convale of the Knights Templar was concluded last Friday at Los Angeles. At the forenoon session Grand Commander John F. Merrill, of San Francisco, the retiring grand officer of the State, installed with the customary ceremonies the following newly elected officers of the Grand Commandery of the State of California:

Grand Commander—Frederick M. Miller, of Fresno.
Deputy Grand Commander—George B. McKee, of San Jose.
Grand Generalissimo—William Frank Pierce, of Oakland.

Grand Captain-General—William D. Knights, of Sacramento.

Grand Senior Warden—George Sinsbaugh, of Los Angeles.

Grand Junior Warden—John B. de Jarnatt, of Colusa.

Grand Treasurer—Edward Coleman, of San Francisco.

Grand Recorder—William A. Davies, of San Francisco.

Grand Commander Miller then appointed the following officers of the Grand Commandery:

Sir Knight Slink, of Stockton, Grand Prelate.

Sir Knight B. P. Flint, of San Francisco, Grand Standard Bearer.

Sir Knight George Whitney Merrill, of Pomona, Grand Warden.

Sir Knight Samuel David Mayer, of San Francisco, Grand Organist.

Sir Knight George Washington Perkins, of San Francisco, Grand Captain of the Guard.

Sir Knight Charles L. Field of San Francisco, Grand Sword Bearer.

The appointive officers were then installed. In the installation ceremonies Past Grand Master Merrill had the assistance of Past Grand Commander Powers, of San Diego.

The following standing committees were then appointed:

Committee on Jurisprudence—Past Grand Commander Frank Williams.

Committee on Finance—Sir Knights Joseph M. Littlefield, Franklin Dalton and William B. Scarborough.

Committee on Correspondence—Sir Knight William A. Davies, William John Mossholder and Thomas Jonathan Wilson.

Several resolutions of thanks were passed and a few minor matters attended to and the convale of 1900 was at an end.

J. I. Carson, Prothonotary, Washington, Pa., says, "I have found Kodol Dyspepsia Cure an excellent remedy in case of stomach trouble, and have derived great benefit from its use." It digests what you eat and can not fail to cure City Pharmacy.

N. S. G. W. Grand Officers.

The following grand officers were elected at the recent session at Oroville of the Grand Lodge of the Native Sons of the Golden West:

Frank Mattison, Past Grand President.

R. C. Rust, Grand President.

Frank L. Coombs, Grand First Vice-President.

Lewis F. Byington, Grand Second Vice-President.

Henry Lunstedt, Grand Secretary.

Henry S. Martin, Grand Treasurer.

H. R. McNoble, Grand Orator.

Stephen V. Costello, Grand Marshal.

J. H. Marcuse, Grand Inside Sentinel.

Joseph Goldman, Grand Outside Sentinel.

Grand Trustees—C. E. McLaughlin of Quincy, No. 131, of Plumas county; Percy V. Long, Golden Gate, No. 29, of San Francisco; Judge M. T. Doelling, Fremont Parlor of Hollister; W. L. Shea, California Parlor, No. 1, San Francisco; James L. Gallagher of Alcatraz, San Francisco; J. R. Knowland, Haley Parlor, Alameda.

The Grand Lodge of 1901 will convene at Santa Barbara.

The Finest Building Lots.

Remember that W. P. Peek has the finest building lots for sale in Jackson. Terms easy. See display advertisement in this paper.

McCall's Magazine.

Sample copies of McCall's Magazine at the LEDGER office, without money and without price. Step in and get one. First come, first served.

For a clean shave or a stylish haircut, go to the Globe Shaving Parlor, North Main street. V. A. Marini, proprietor.

Fifty pieces of light figured calico, spring styles, new patterns, at 5 cents per yard, at the White House. 2-16-1f

"Think Dewey's Little Early Risers are the best pills in the world," says W. E. Lake, Happy Creek, Va. They remove all obstructions of the liver and bowels, act quickly and never gripe. City Pharmacy.

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A SPECIAL MEETING.

The Jackson Republican Club Met Monday Evening.

A special meeting of the Jackson Republican Club was held in the Webb building Monday evening, April 30th. President Herrick called the meeting to order at 8:15, and the minutes of the preceding meeting were read and adopted without alteration.

Under the head of "Reports of Committees," Mr. Richard Webb made due report of his attendance at the County Central Committee meeting of the 26th instant, in behalf of the club, resulting in the election of a delegate from this township to the State Convention at Sacramento, May 15th, being left to the club and that the delegate-at-large be selected by the presidents of the various Republican Clubs of the county.

Mr. Webb's report was unanimously approved, and the club thereupon proceeded to elect a delegate to the State Convention as follows: Richard Webb, R. J. Adams, James E. Dye, S. G. Spagnoli and P. Buffington were in turn nominated for the distinguished honor, but neither one of these gentlemen could devote the time to the work, and their names were dropped. Mr. Will A. Newcum then said he would go, and he was duly and unanimously elected. It was also decided that President Herrick, when in conference with the presidents of the various Republican Clubs, urge the nomination of Judge John F. Davis for delegate-at-large.

A courteous communication from President McKenney, of the Ione Club, thanking the Jackson Club for favors, and expressing a desire to reciprocate whenever opportunity presented itself, was read an ordered filed.

After some eloquent and patriotic remarks by Hon. Thomas Greenbald, which elicited applause, and after arrangements had been made with L. M. Parker, of the Enterprise stable, for the transportation of delegates to Sacramento and return, the meeting adjourned to meet on the next regular meeting night, May 9, 1900.

A new line of wall paper, of the latest patterns, can be had at the White House at San Francisco prices. 2-16-1f

First-class bathing accommodations at the Globe Shaving Parlor, Sanguinetti Building, North Main street. V. A. Marini, proprietor. 4-20-1f

Otto Korb, Grand Chancellor, K. of P., B. of L., says, "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve soothes the most delicate skin and heals the most stubborn ulcer with certain and good results. Cures piles of skin diseases. Don't buy an imitation. City Pharmacy."

DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

DEEDS.

Elizabeth Dufrene to A. Dufrene—Lots 4 and 5 of SW1/4 of section 28, T. 8 N. R. 10 E. \$800.

H. D. Ranlett to Newton Copper Co.—68.82 acres in township 6; \$1

H. M. Smith to Mary Smith—Lot 16, block 1, Jackson; love and affection.

Annie Roberts to G. Nee—Lot 16, block 13, Plymouth; \$500

W. S. Goodale to B. Cuno—Land in Amador county; \$500.

W. Woodcock to J. N. Woodcock et al.—Land in township 7; \$500.

S. G. Folsom to J. McKelvey—Interest in Belmont and Lucky Q. M.; \$803.

A. Kellogg to T. Allen—E1/4 of SE1/4 of section 3, T. 7 N. R. 9 E.; \$435.

P. A. Orr to C. D. Brooke—Crops of hay and grain on land in section 7; \$10.

M. Lawrence et al. to W. Lewis—Live stock on Campbell ranch, Amador county; \$500.

SATISFACTION OF MORTGAGES.

P. Viollet to E. Dufrene.

T. K. Norman to A. Well.

W. H. Shipman, Beardsley, Minn., under oath says he suffered from dyspepsia for twenty-five years. Doctors and dieting gave but little relief. Finally he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and he feels like a new man. It digests what you eat. City Pharmacy.

A complete stock of washable goods, suitable for dresses, such as Lawns, Organdies, Swisses, Nanooks, of all the latest styles, Amador county; \$500.

BORN.

MEEK—At Jackson, April 20, 1900, to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Meek, a son.

JOHNS—At Jackson, May 1, 1900, to Mr. and Mrs. William Johns, a son.

DIED.

YATES—At Jackson, April 30, 1900, E. A. Yates, aged 46 years, a native of California.

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A LETTER FROM ALASKA.

Dr. C. H. Gibbons Writes the "Ledger" From Juneau.

JUNEAU, Alaska, April 20, 1900.

Dear LEDGER:

I wrote you last from Seattle just before the steamer sailed. It was interesting to watch the hurry and confusion of getting ready to sail, especially the loading of 310 sheep and seventy-two fat cattle. The sheep gave no trouble, as one was pulled down the gangway by the horns and the rest all followed, but the cattle were frightened by the lights, the crowd and the general strangeness of the situation, and stampeded through the warehouse and it was only by the vehement and wholesale profanity of the drivers and deckhands that finally they were safely housed on board. We retired before the ship sailed and when we awoke the ship had crossed Puget Sound, called at Port Townsend and Victoria, and was in the Gulf of Georgia.

Our boat, the steamship "City of Seattle," is the finest vessel on these waters. Her state-rooms are large, her table excellent and the officers courteous gentlemen. We had 184 passengers besides the live stock and a large amount of freight. About 10 o'clock we reached Vancouver, the rival of Victoria, these two towns being the chief cities of British Columbia. Having two hours to stay we went ashore to see the place. There are a great many elegant buildings and fine business blocks and the general air of a thriving city. We were surprised to notice several blocks not built upon, but devoted entirely to storing nursery stock. On looking more closely, however, we discovered that the supposed trees and plants were nothing but sprouts growing luxuriantly around stumps of lately cut trees. Soon the 10 minute whistle sounded and in a short time we were out of the harbor and steaming northward. This is an ideal trip for grand and beautiful scenery. On either side the shores deeply indented with bays and narrow gorges, are covered with pine, spruce and hemlock from the water's edge to the tops of the mountains which rise abruptly several thousand feet and still wear their winter caps of snow. Little islands from a few feet to several miles in extent, are common and are covered like the shores. The water is a delicate green and the swell of the ocean is not noticeable here. Wednesday night, however, while crossing the open channel north of Vancouver Island we were treated to a rock-a-bye that was anything but pleasant. The Seattle is a vessel of light draft and rolls in a very unpleasant manner in a heavy swell. We were past the disagreeable place in a few hours and suffered no inconvenience from seasickness. Thursday was a day of weird enchantment, ever pressing northward through the narrow straits where the solitude is almost oppressive. One or two Indian villages and a steam- or going south were the only signs of human life seen from the ship. Friday morning before day break we stopped at Ketchikan, a new mining town. After lunch the captain invited five of us into the pilot house while passing Wrangle Narrows. This is the most dangerous part of the trip. Many captains will not attempt the passage except at high water. The tide was now at the low point, but our captain was brave and knew his work, and did not wish to injure his record for quick trips. In many places the channel was hardly twice the vessel's width and very crooked. The rocky shores gave evidence of what might lie just beneath the surface of the water. It was a new and exciting experience. Four strong men held the wheel and the rest of us held our breath. The captain watched the channel, giving his orders in a low, distinct tone that was instantly repeated by the chief helmsman, and the wheel whirled rapidly around, now this way, now that, as the great ship turned, balanced, courted, swung right and left with the stately grace of a belle in a quadrille. Twenty-two miles of this thrilling experience and we again came into the open sound where we had our first view of glaciers and icebergs. The Alaskan cedar is now added to the forestry list.

At 11 o'clock we landed at Juneau in a driving snow storm.

Yours as ever,

C. H. G.

W. W. Mayhew, Merton, Wis., says, "I consider One Minute Cough Cure a most wonderful medicine, quick and safe." It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, whooping cough, pneumonia and all throat and lung diseases. Its early use prevents consumption. Children always like it and mothers endorse it. City Pharmacy.

THE PHILIPPINE WAR.

April 26.—No mercy for the Filipinos. Americans to retaliate relentlessly on the guerrillas. General Bell issues a proclamation.—United States troops kill hundreds of Bolomen.—Fifty natives surrounded in a river and slain.

April 27.—The slaughter of Tagals continues. Three hundred are put out of action in Iloilo Locos.

April 28.—Hayes, who was a member of the First California and was reported a deserter, recently died a prisoner.

April 29.—But little of importance goes on in the Philippines.

April 30.—Many Filipinos become victims of the death dealing missiles from American guns.

May 1.—Filipinos besiege American troops. In five day's fighting nineteen of the Forty-third Volunteers are killed.

May 2.—Filipino death list increases steadily. Considerable skirmishing.

"No family can afford to be without One Minute Cough Cure. It will stop a cough and cure a cold quicker than any other medicine," writes C. W. Williams, Sterling Run, Pa. It cures croup, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles and prevents consumption. Pleasant and harmless. City Pharmacy.

Horse and Buggy for Sale.

The undersigned will sell his horse and buggy at a very reasonable price. Terms cash. Call on or apply to Dr. C. A. Herrick, Jackson, Cal. 4-13-1f

Five thousand spring samples of clothing, the latest patterns, on exhibition at the White House. 2-2

WORK ON THE MOTHER LODE

Five Feet of Ledge In the Peerless Shaft.

THE SHEEP RANCH MINE EXCITES INTEREST

The Jumper Mill of Sixty Stamps Full of Activity.—The Church Mine Has Been Bonded.

AMADOR COUNTY.

Onida—Jackson.

Work on the 60-stamp mill for the Onida mine is progressing as rapidly as possible.

Central Eureka—Sutter.

High grade pay rock is constantly coming out of this remarkable mine, a portion of which is being hauled to the Zella mill. This rock is said to average about \$80 a ton. Work on the 10-stamp mill is being pushed right along.

Peerless—Jackson.

The predictions of Superintendent Osborne of the Peerless mine are being verified as sinking progresses. The shaft is now down a trifle over 200 feet, and five feet of the ledge is in the shaft, and how much more there is of it will be ascertained later. An order from San Francisco was received one day this week for 5000 shares of preliminary stock, a handsome premium being offered, but not a share could be had. This shows the faith stockholders have in the Peerless mine.

Kirkwood—Jackson.

The sale of the Kirkwood Mining Company's stock is something phenomenal, over half of it having been taken in this vicinity. There seems to be a strong sentiment in favor of the Kirkwood. The prospectus of this mine will probably be ready for distribution some time next week.

CALAVERAS COUNTY.

Prospect: Messrs. Folsom, Hayden & Walker of Stockton have recently purchased the Bluff claim of Mr. Cullige, and have already commenced work. The mine, which is a gravel proposition, is situated near the Old Table Mountain school house, between El Dorado and Sheep Ranch, and in close proximity to the Martin mine. They have put in an impounding dam as required by law, and on Wednesday of this week the water was turned on. They are using about 150 inches of water under a 200-foot pressure. The ground has been extensively prospected and promises good returns.

Getchell & Austin have completed their contract on the 10-stamp mill at Campo Seco for the Cook mine and have returned to town. The mine is the property of the Standard Oil Company, is situated about half a mile from Campo Seco, on the Camanche road, and is said to be a promising proposition. About a week's more work is required to get the mill in running order, when the work of crushing quartz from the mine will commence. The mill has been well constructed and is prepared to give a good account of itself.

Citizen: A large amount of work is being done at the Sheep Ranch mine and many men are now employed there. The Sheep Ranch has been a good producer in times past, but it is the opinion of the present owners that it will surpass anything it has ever shown. From a dead, broken down town, Sheep Ranch now presents a different aspect. Many persons have moved to the town, buildings have been repaired and erected, and much property has recently changed hands. Prosperity always seems to follow in the wake of Mr. Gutmann's operations, and we think such will be the case at the Ford before many days.

The hauling of the 200 tons of rock from the Commodore to the Ford mill for a test run still goes on, but will probably be finished to-day. Some delay was occasioned by the breaking of wagons in passing over the rough roads with their heavy loads, and in the milling operations at the Ford, but everything is now going off smoothly, and in a few days more the run will be finished and the result made known. Much pertaining to the future prosperity of San Andreas depends on the result of this test. If satisfactory, a bright future for the town is assured; but if it be otherwise, we will have to hammer along in the same old rut until capital develops some of the good prospects already uncovered in this section. And, again, should the test prove what it is hoped it will, other claims carrying the same kind of rock and in like large quantities will be developed.

Angels Record: The work now going on at the DeLay tunnel on the grade, about one mile west of Murphy's, is one of the most important pieces of work about there. It taps a hill which is very rich in surface cropping of first-class quartz, and in excavating to the heart of the mountain good results will follow. At present the tunnel is in over 600 feet, and a rich ore deposit is looked for before it reaches the May Day mine, which is to be the terminal point. Many bunches have been passed through, which showed good quartz, as well as gold. For several years a San Francisco company has been operating this property, of which a high opinion is held.

For some time past John Rollieri has been taking out some very good rock at his mine near the Nellie mine, just below town. He has a shaft down twenty feet, and unless all indications fail he will develop one of the best payers about here.

The Tulloch mill, which has been running by electricity for some time, has been compelled to discontinue its use and will again use water, as the electric transformers in use were too small for the amount of force needed.

It will be some time before they can use the electric power again.

Chronicle: Pursuant to announcement the bids to drift north and south along the vein and to run several hundred feet of crosscuts at the Yorlander mine at Middle Bar, were opened last Saturday by A. Lampton, acting for Superintendent Burleson, and the contract was awarded to Messrs. Leo Stayner and Joe Berry, their being the lowest and best bid under the specifications. They will enter at once upon their work agreeable to contract.

Messrs. Porteous & Field of West Point, who milled twenty-eight tons of rock from the Zachary mine at that place week before last, received their returns from the city last Monday. We did not learn what the amount netted was, but we understand it was very satisfactory, far exceeding the expectations of the owners.

At the Boire mine, about a mile north of Railroad Flat, hydraulic mining is in progress, water being taken from Clark's ditch and four men are at work. This company has sixty acres of land, which will be piped off, proper restraining dams having been constructed in compliance with the debris act.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY.

Mother Lode Magnet: Another old-time property is being worked near Algerine. We refer to the Sullivan Brothers' claim, now called the Golden Thread. Years ago it was known as Grub Gulch claim and considerable gold was taken from near the surface. Then for a long period it was not worked. The Sullivans relocated the property and bonded it to W. F. Craft. He is now at work developing it, having cleaned out the old workings and started a crosscut. Mr. Craft thinks they have a continuation of the Fleming vein.

At the Miner & Burnham mine, at Knight's Creek, everything seems to be on the boom. This mine was formerly owned by George Miner and B. F. Burnham, but an interest in it was sold to E. C. Day on the condition that he erect a mill on the mine. This he did, and, everything being complete, they made a run on some ore with more than expectant results. This mine is advantageously situated, it costing nothing for water or steam power, and with 160 tons of good ore on the dump and plenty in sight there is no doubt the boys have a good thing.

At the Jumper mine, notwithstanding the break in the water company's ditch, the sixty stamps in the mill, also the air compressors, are kept running steadily with company power. The last clean up, while admittedly very satisfactory, it is thought will not equal the one for April. We are glad to learn that they have struck good ore on both the sixth and seventh levels, as it materially helps to insure long life to this fine property.

In the Dreisalm mine, Arastaville, they are about to resume sinking in the shaft, which will be carried down from the 200 to the 400 mark.

Independent: Sinking is in progress at the Clio, near Jacksonville, and a hoist, to facilitate work, will soon be erected. At the previous level, in a crosscut, a six-foot vein, disclosing a good chute of ore, was uncovered. Another crosscut will soon be made and these interstices are very confident of the result.

It is reported that the Soudley mine will start up in the near future in charge of a new company. The mine contains a good deal of water, but after things are put in proper shape it will compare favorably with any in the county. Its past record shows an output of over \$5,000,000, and there is no reason why there should not be plenty of the precious metal there yet.

EL DORADO COUNTY.

Republican: The Grand Victory mine is under full headway. The mill is running and many men are employed.

Democrat: Messrs. Garland and Porter, prominent mining men of Amador county, have secured a bond on the Church mine and will commence active operations on the property the 1st of the month. The mine will be unwatred and deeper developments will be prosecuted at once.

Superintendent Smith was down from the Lupold mine Monday and is very enthusiastic over the future prospects of the property.

Wonderful Animal Performance. The well known Rawson's Pacific Show of trained animals will give a performance tonight on the vacant lot opposite the cemetery, on Staal avenue. It is considered a good animal show and has met with unbounded success in the mountain towns, and rightfully deserves it. Their performances are original, novel and entertaining, and are attended by the refined and intelligent classes.

Look out for the outdoor exhibition. Show will begin at 8 o'clock. Admission, 25c and 50c.

Attend the Convention. President C. A. Horrick, of the Jackson Republican Club, left yesterday morning to attend the Conference Convention of Republican Clubs of the Second Congressional District, to be held in Sacramento to-day and tomorrow. Other delegates of the club, who are in attendance, are as follows: S. G. Spagnoli, L. J. Fontenrose, L. M. Parker and James E. Dye Jr.

Stamp Books.

The U. S. Postal Department issues stamps in book form, a vest pocket edition containing 12, 24 or 48 two-cent stamps, as the purchaser desires, can be had. Books of their denominations, from one-cent up, are also provided.

A Trustee Elected.

The creditors of G. Newman, have elected Fred L. Berry of San Francisco as trustee of the property in Jackson. Mr. Berry arrived here Wednesday and assumed his duties.

Cleanse the liver, purify the blood, invigorate the body by using Dr. Williams' Little Early Risers. These famous little pills always act promptly. City Pharmacy.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

La Grippe the Most Fashionable Disease.

E. A. YATES CALLED INTO THE WORLD BEYOND

The Standard Electric Company's New Water Tank.—N. S. G. W. Delegates Return.

Ione flour is Peerless.

Mrs. Robert Allen is ill.

Bert Vela is on the sick list.

Ben Ross, of Volcano, was in town yesterday.

Miss Edna Rust is visiting friends in Sacramento.

George Vela has been on the sick list this week.

If you want good bread, buy only Peerless flour.

Mrs. Weller's for style and beauty in hats and dresses.

Judge John F. Davis returned home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Weller employs the only city milliner in town.

Miss Bertie Mason is visiting her sister in Sacramento.

PIONEER FLOUR always has been and still is the best.

There are several mining deals under way in this district.

If you want swell hats, go to the city trimmer at Mrs. Weller's.

George Gates returned from the city Wednesday evening.

Mrs. D. B. Spagnoli was reported quite ill on Wednesday last.

Considerable rainfall hereabouts during the first half of this week.

Louis Smith and Mr. Schrader, of Oleta, were in town yesterday.

Give us daily some good bread. Pioneer Flour makes the best.

Abstractor George I. Wright is busy as a bee. He turns out fine work.

Mrs. Fanny Bonnefoy is confined to her bed with an attack of la grippe.

Jackson and vicinity is quite well represented in Sacramento this week.

Pioneer Flour is the "Lily of the Valley," the "Pearl of Perfection."

Mrs. S. W. Bright was a passenger on the Ione stage Wednesday morning.

Jackson Cash Grocers carry the freshest crackers and fancy cakes.

Mrs. L. M. Parker went to Sacramento yesterday to attend the street fair.

The cheapest place to buy your groceries is of the Jackson Cash Grocers.

District Attorney C. P. Vicini visited Stockton and other points below this week.

Fred Wilson, Frank Canonica and John Glavanovich are down with la grippe.

Ex-Postmaster James Meehan is out again after a few weeks' battle with la grippe.

C. B. Ardittio and Gus Laverone went to Sacramento Thursday to attend the Carnival.

Miss Dora McConnel is visiting her sister in Stockton and will be absent for some time.

George W. Brown intends going to San Francisco on business some time next week.

Ione Flour Mill is a home industry and makes the best flour. Why not patronize it?

Ex-County Treasurer R. Ford, of Lower Rancheria, was a county seat visitor yesterday.

The "lady minstrels" made a great hit. It was the entertainment of the season—decidedly so.

W. F. Deter returned from a several days' business trip to San Francisco the first of the week.

C. H. Evans, of the New National Hotel force, took in the Sacramento Carnival this week.

Miss Roma Spagnoli, daughter of Hon. D. B. Spagnoli, has been quite ill. She is reported better.

Mel. Ford has been wrestling with the la grippe for the past week or so, but it didn't get him down.

E. C. Burce, Al. Switback, Tom Peters and Simon Luke, of Mokelumne Hill, visited this camp last Sunday.

F. W. Parker was out for the first time since his illness yesterday. He is improving under Dr. Endicott's care.

Among the passengers on the Ione stage yesterday morning were Miss Beth Berryman and Mrs. Champion.

D. McColl, of Ione, handles all kinds of lumber. "He will figure" with you on your lumber bills. Amador Mills, 5-4tf

The performance of the "lady minstrels," in Sutter Creek, is highly spoken of by denizens of that camp.

Two tonsorial artists to wait upon you at the Globe Shaving Parlor, a few doors north of Globe Hotel. 4-20-tf

At the White House new arrivals of goods and special sale. Ten dozen ladies' ventilated corsets, at 25 cents each. 4-6tf

Ladies' wrappers, of all the latest patterns, and a great variety to select from—from 75c up—at the White House. 4-6tf

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Snyder, of Salt Lake, are registered at the New National. Mr. Snyder is here on mining business. 5-4-tf

Miss Grace Seguin, of Ione, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. R. L. Mann, for a few days, returned home last Tuesday.

Mrs. James Meehan has richly earned the thanks of the sick in her neighborhood for her faithful attendance on many of them.

Some pleasing pictures of New York society in the forties are given in the review of Julia Ward Howe's reminiscences which appear in the Argonaut.

for May 7, 1900. The recollections of the famous author of the "Battle Hymn of the Republic" could not fail of being entertaining.

Mrs. D. Gutmann and niece, of San Francisco, are sojourning at Sheep-ranch.

Charles Peters, carpenter at the Sheep Ranch mine, was in Jackson Thursday and returned the following day.

Get your measure taken for a fine \$10 suit, at the White House. 2-23-tf

Miss Mamie McCoy is assisting Abstractor George I. Wright in the arduous work of getting out maps for Assessor Marchant.

Will A. Newcum went to San Francisco on business connected with the oil company, of which he is president, Wednesday of this week.

Dr. A. Satterthwait, who put in last season at Bear River for the Standard Electric Co., left for a renewal of his services there on Tuesday last.

The most elegant line of ladies' shirt-waists—a very large assortment to select from, and the latest effects—from 50c up, at the White House. 4-6tf

George Mattley, son of David Mattley, arrived home last Monday on a visit. He has been away for eleven years. His family accompanied him.

Messenger E. C. Fisher is temporarily back on a part of his old run in this county, having relieved Fred Jackson for a few weeks. He is looking well.

Judge John F. Davis and Mr. L. A. Kent were the delegates from the Jackson Parlor to the Grand Parlor, N. S. G. W., which recently met in Oroville.

Miss Julia Gilliland, of San Francisco, has accepted a position in Mrs. Weller's millinery establishment. Miss Gilliland is an artist in her line of work.

Miss Gertrude Burnham, who has been a member of the LEDGER force for about a year, has resigned her position and is visiting relatives in San Francisco.

Rev. F. A. Morrow has awakened considerable church going interest during his ministry here. His sermons are excellent, and consequently he usually has large audiences.

Judge R. C. Rust, Grand President of the Grand Parlor of the N. S. G. W., returned to his home the first of the week, and is being heartily congratulated by his many friends.

"Atalanta challenged her lovers to run races with her." Evening subject at M. E. church, May 6th. Morning subject: Some Christians say "Our Church is the way to Heaven."

W. H. Savage of San Francisco, Grand Councilor Order of Chosen Friends, addressed members of the order and their friends, Wednesday evening. His address was very entertaining.

Don't forget our clubbing rates, and the offers the LEDGER is making for the New York Tribune, McCall's Magazine, etc. The campaign is coming on. If you want to be posted subscribe now.

A. E. Nelson, of San Francisco, visited Jackson recently with a view of determining whether or not he would locate here and engage in the practice of law. We are not advised as to his decision.

Mrs. Mary Hall, of Volcano, was here on business connected with the estate of her late husband, James Hall, yesterday. The estate is possessed of valuable timber lands in one of the middle States.

B. Hillis arrived from Oakland the first of the week, and has been installed at the old electric plant as chief machinist. He will probably fill a similar position at the new plant when it is completed.

Unstinted praise and sincere thanks are given to Mrs. Dr. Endicott by the ladies of Ursula Parlor No. 1, N. D. G. W., for her untiring zeal in training those who took part in the "lady minstrels."

The death of George Washington Clark, of Oleta, occurred recently. Deceased was a native of Kentucky, aged 74 years, 4 months and 22 days. He leaves a wife and ten children to mourn his loss.

Postmaster George C. Folger was taken sick on Thursday of last week, and was out for the first time since the attack on Wednesday last. He says he doesn't know exactly what ailed him, but in order to be fashionable he will call it la grippe.

Messrs. D. Gutmann and M. J. Kreshland, of San Francisco, were in town Wednesday of this week on business. Mr. Gutmann intends going to New York on the 5th instant, to be gone for several weeks.

County Treasurer S. G. Spagnoli and his son, Benny, are taking in the gorgeous sights at Sacramento this week. Mr. Spagnoli is a delegate to the Conference Convention of Republican Clubs to be held there on the 4th and 5th instants.

The funeral of the late E. A. Yates was held, under the auspices of the A. O. U. W. Lodge, at his late residence at 2 p. m. last Wednesday. There was a very good attendance. Deceased was a stepson of W. B. Sanders, aged 46.

The Standard Electric Company has completed a new water tank, near the old one, just west of the Alma hotel, with a capacity of 34,000 gallons. This tank is a part of the Jackson water system controlled by Mrs. Celina Rhythmeyer.

For thirty days longer the Annual Clearance Sale at the Red Front will continue. To those who have already taken advantage of the splendid opportunity no word is necessary, but to others we suggest an early examination of goods and prices. 5-4-tf

A young kid, eighteen or nineteen years of age, a wily Pole, baffled the San Francisco police and detectives, holding up people in public places with apparent impunity. He tried his little game in Oakland and was promptly caught, and when he gave his name that settled it. He will get at least forty years at hard labor. He calls himself Simon L. Munchoroonvetseva. He is as badly handicapped with a cognomen as Philetus Doud Vonspreibergtsdingelander.

A COLUMN OF SPICY NEWS

All Notes of Interest Sent to the "Ledger."

ALL PLYMOUTH PREPARING FOR THE PICNIC

Amador City School Closed Last Friday With Appropriate Exercises.—Aukum.

PLYMOUTH NEWS.

Quite a Number of Plymouth People Afflicted With the Grippe.

PLYMOUTH, May 2, 1900.

A farewell party was given in honor of Messrs. Charlie and Fred Ball in Shields' Hall last night. The young men will soon take their departure for Cape Nome.

B. Breese was in town Saturday, April 28, 1900.

Mrs. Victoria Glasson passed away at the age of 55 years, 5 months and 27 days, leaving a husband and daughter to mourn for her. The funeral services were conducted in the M. E. church by Rev. C. Darling, from whence the remains were carried to Jackson for their future resting place.

William Butler, who has been employed at the Huntington roller mills, is sick with an attack of the la grippe.

Mrs. Norman, Mrs. True, Charles Potter, M. Leach and Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, of this place, went to Sacramento Monday to attend the fair.

Next Tuesday night in the M. E. church a professor of Atkinson's Business College, Sacramento, will deliver a lecture.

Many are complaining of the la grippe. Among those are Mrs. Anna Doman, Miss Anna Little, Mr. Blower, Miss Maema Doman, Master Ernest Little.

The N. D. G. W. and the ladies of the Catholic church are busy preparing for the picnic which is to be held in the Plymouth Park next Saturday, May 5th.

OMEGA AND OSWEGO.

AMADOR CITY.

C. T. Bartlett Receives a Government Appointment Through the Civil Service.

AMADOR CITY, May 1, 1900.

William Dunlap, who has been attending a high school in San Francisco, is visiting relatives here and assisting in his father's drug store.

Mrs. Painter of Sutter Creek visited Miss Nellie Hambley last week.

Several of our townsmen are attending the street fair at Sacramento this week.

Daisy D. Fox is visiting friends in Jackson.

Richard Soudan and Mayme Thomas visited relatives at the Gwin mine Sunday.

H. B. Hinkson and S. Battonfield visited relatives in Placerville last week.

Mrs. Hambley, who has been visiting friends in Sacramento, returned to her home last week.

William Strickland visited in Sutter Creek Sunday.

Coria Culbert's school has closed and she is now residing at her home in Amador.

The members of Keystone Parlor, N. S. G. W., who were sent as delegates to the Grand Lodge at Oroville, returned Sunday evening.

J. Clark and family visited at the home of Mrs. M. B. Church last week.

Mrs. O. Fallon has returned after a short visit to friends in Sutter Creek.

John Mooney and Harry Foster of Plymouth visited Amador Sunday.

John Perryman visited his sister in Jackson Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Pierce and Mr. Thornton paid Drytown a visit Sunday.

C. T. Bartlett left Monday morning to accept his position on the railroad. He leaves a host of friends behind who wish him success in his new work. As soon as his location is decided on his family will join him.

W. K. Palmer, a former resident of Amador, is visiting relatives and friends here. He has a host of friends who are glad to see him back.

Last Friday was the last day of school, and early in the afternoon the parents and friends of the children filled the principal's room, eagerly awaiting the closing exercises, in which there were representatives from each room. Following is the programme as rendered:

Song.....School Girls
Recitation.....Melville Hammett
Solo.....Louise Bennetts
Dialogue.....Three Boys
Recitation.....Ethel Liddell
Recitation.....W. Hammett
Recitation.....Primmy School
Recitation.....Kitty Kerr
Recitation.....John Harris
Song.....School
Dialogue.....W. M. Trelease and Eva Steff
Recitation.....Amador Garibaldi
Recitation.....Edith Loubet
Song.....Ten Little Girls
Alphabet.....Ten Little Girls
Recitation.....Lavinia Burns
Recitation.....Olive Vening
Recitation.....Ten Little Girls
America.....School

The pupils of Mr. Bartlett's room presented him with a fountain pen and a very pretty paper cut. A few pleasing remarks were made by Miss Laura Case and responded to by Mr. Bartlett.

Church services throughout the week as usual. Sunday morning subject, "Meeting Angels by the Way." Evening sermons on Christian Life; theme, "Growth."

FROM AUKUM.

A Party of Young Folks Enjoy a Picnic at Indian Diggings.

AUKUM, April 29, 1900.

Mrs. Tom Quinn and children of Angels Camp are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ben Nichley of Pigeon Creek.

Sam and Joseph Kasper attended the picnic at Ione Friday.

Blanche Goffinet, who has been visiting at Mr. Monsey's for the past week, returned to her home Sunday last.

Mrs. Ollie Harrel, who has been sick for the past two weeks, is on the improve.

Superintendent Gordon was a visitor at the Pigeon Creek school last Thursday.

Mrs. Charles Bell visited at Mrs.

Crain's Saturday.

Miss McCarty went to Greenwood, Saturday, returning Sunday.

A party of young folks went to Indian Diggings Sunday to have a sociable picnic, taking their lunch with them. The party consisted of Ida and Laura Votaw, Mabel Jameson, Sadie Wrigglesworth, Mame Perry and the Misses Lawrence, Lonnie Seely, John Yager, Harry Putnam and Mr. Rubier. All reported having had a good time. NONE.

THE BOOK COLLECTOR.

He Made a Swap Which Satisfied the Secondhand Dealer.

"It's astonishing how book collecting will blunt a man's conception of the rights of meum et tuum," said the proprietor of a delightful old secondhand store on the south side of the town. "I wouldn't trust a confirmed collector as far as I could throw Jackson square by the monument. They all consider themselves licensed privateers, and when one of them wanders into my shop, and can't buy it the chances are it will mysteriously disappear the first time he pays you a visit. I am on to most of the tricks of the fraternity, however, and it takes a pretty smooth individual to secure any plunder in this shop."

"Only recently I circumvented an old gentleman in a manner that is apt to adhere to his memory for some time. He is a passionate admirer of Dickens and has a fine collection of early editions and books generally relating to the great novelist. One of his sets, a very handsome print with the original Cruikshank plates, is short one volume, the eighth. I have a copy of the same edition, and he has tried repeatedly to get me to break it so as to complete his own, but I have of course refused."

"Then I noticed that he began to drop in of afternoons with a book under his arm, looking up and down the shelves. The volume he carried bore a close external resemblance to the copy of Dickens he wanted, and I suspected at once that I would some day find them exchanged. Consequently I looked up the coveted volume and substituted a worthless treatise on mathematics bound in the same manner. My visitor knew the exact location of the book on the shelf, and the other day I purposely gave him an opportunity to make the shift. It was done in a twinkling, and presently he strolled out. I haven't seen him since. The book he left was a very pretty copy of Keats. I am well satisfied with the swap."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

THE LEADING ARTICLE.

Advent and Development of the Editorial in Newspapers.

"I know what leaders are, for I have written them," said Benjamin Disraeli in the course of a speech in the house of commons, and, though all of us may not have written "leaders" for The Morning Post and other newspapers, like Disraeli, we all at least know the meaning of the term "leaders."

For more than 100 years after the publication of the first daily newspaper The Daily Courant, which consisted of a small sheet printed on one side only and made its appearance in London in March, 1702, the "dailies" confined themselves to what is perhaps the proper business of a newspaper, the publication of the largest possible amount of news, and made no attempt whatever to mold or direct public opinion.

At the opening of the nineteenth century "the leading article" first appeared in the morning papers. It was originally called the "leading article," because of the "lead" or spaces introduced between the lines to spread out the article and give it an imposing appearance in order that it might at once attract the eye of even the most casual reader. After a time it was called "leading article" or "leader" or "editorial," names by which it is now universally known in newspaper offices.

At the beginning "leaders" were published only tentatively. Their publication was irregular. Benjamin Disraeli was brief—we should call them "editorial paragraphs" now—and they were principally used to direct special attention to some important event recorded in the news columns. But 75 years ago they became a settled and regular feature of the daily newspaper and a potent agency for promoting opinions, political, religious and social.—Cornhill Magazine.

His Hint For a Raise.

"There is in the employ of our house," said the hardware drummer, "a young man who is assistant bookkeeper. He's a steady chap, minds his own business and is as shrewd as they make them. The other day the senior partner of the firm, who seldom comes around, made a tour of inspection, and as he approached the assistant bookkeeper he noticed the solemn expression on his face. Desiring to be genial, he said:

"How are you, young man? I see you are at your work. That is good. Close attention to business will always bring its own reward. Tell me, what are you earning now per week?"

"The young man, without a moment's hesitation, answered, 'Twenty dollars, sir, but I only get half of that.'"—Philadelphia Call.

Chinese Inquests.

Coroners' inquests are well known among the Chinese. One of the chief differences between their system and ours is that the Chinese doctors never dissect. In fact, Chinamen have a perfect horror of dissection.

There are few things more absurd than the code of rules laid down for the Chinese coroner. In the first place, he is bidden to make sure that he has a dead body before he begins his inquest. That, however, is less ridiculous than it sounds, for the heathen Chinese is tricky and may demand an inquest on a sham deceased with a view of extorting money from some person who may be denounced as having caused the death.

The preposterous part of the code comes in with regard to the alleged signs which show the cause of death. If the deceased is supposed to have been poisoned, rice is put into his mouth and then taken out and given to a chicken. Its effect on the fowl decides the question. Most of the other methods adopted are even more absurd and fanciful, and, as a result, inquests in China do very little to prevent crime.—Chicago News.

He Won the Bet.

A showman was making great noise at the front of the exhibition of "wonders" he had on show. A man standing in the crowd, with a little dog beside him, cried out:

"I'll bet you a quid you can't let me see a lion."

"Done!" said the showman eagerly. "Put down your money."

The man placed a sovereign in the hand of a bystander, and the showman did the same.

"Now walk this way," said the showman, "and I'll soon convince you. There!" said he triumphantly. "Look in that corner at the beautiful Numidian lion."

"I don't see," responded the other.

"What's the matter with you?" asked the showman.

"I'm blind," was the reply, and in a few minutes the blind man pocketed the two sovereigns and went away.—London Answers.

Worse Than Death Verger.

Dreadful as death verger is, its northwestern arm, known as Mosquito valley, is worse. All the waters upon its surface are poison, and down through the canyon a hot, suffocating wind blows with terrible velocity. During its course through the desert it frequently gathers clouds of white sand that have blinded many a horse and rider, and at frequent intervals it whirls down the canyon like a cyclone of sharp crystals. Under the pressure of nature has been lifted from the earth in irregular curves like pie crust in the oven. The cavity between this crust and the solid earth varies from one to ten feet, and the depth frequently changes after heavy windstorms by the displacement of the air beneath. The man or the animal that steps upon this crust is gone forever. It is absolutely impossible for any one to extricate himself when plunging about in the "raising earth."—Chicago Record.

One of the strangest phenomena of this extraordinary place is what frontiersmen, for want of a better name, have called "raising earth." By the action of the sun a crust composed of minerals and clay has been formed on the surface, and by some curious pressure of nature has been lifted from the earth in irregular curves like pie crust in the oven. The cavity between this crust and the solid earth varies from one to ten feet, and the depth frequently changes after heavy windstorms by the displacement of the air beneath. The man or the animal that steps upon this crust is gone forever. It is absolutely impossible for any one to extricate himself when plunging about in the "raising earth."—Chicago Record.

Took Her Cousin's Place.

One day a young Swede, a student at the University of Berlin, received a letter from his uncle saying that his daughter, the young man's cousin, would stop in Berlin for a few days on her way to Ems and would be kindly meet her and show her the city. The mail coach arrived and with it the young lady, who found fine looking young fellow with a vivid bonnet awaiting her arrival. He accompanied her to the hotel. The following morning he called and took her driving in an elegant brougham. These attentions continued during the three days of her visit. The lady appeared overjoyed at the gallantry of this cousin, whom she had never met before.

On the day of her departure, while assisting her into the mail coach, the young man said, "I cannot let you depart without making a confession." The lady blushed and dropped her eyes. "I must tell you that I am not your cousin. Your cousin is a friend of mine. He had no time to accompany you, having to cram for his examinations, so he bade me take his place."

"In heaven's name, who are you, then?" cried the lady.

The young man handed her his card. The postillion blew his trumpet, the mail coach rolled away, and the young lady read this name on the card: "Otto von Bismarck."—Current Literature.

Soldiers of Fortune.

"It is embarrassing to meet former cotillion partners as elevator boys and waiters," said a European lady now visiting New York. "It has been my fate to undergo and inflict this unhappiness several times."

"I went to a fashionable hotel on my arrival. Wearing his hotel livery with the same grace as he had borne his officer's uniform when I last saw him and danced with him at a state ball in a foreign capital, was a man I had known. He colored to the eyes as he saw me, but made no sign, nor did I."

"The same thing has happened since at restaurants, at other hotels, in riding academies and in carriages. Some day M. le Baron de Trois Ettoiles and Graf von Traumer-Schloss will appear in European society with new éclat and full purses. Will I ever say that I know where they made their money? Why, of course not. It is a far cry from America to Europe, and in their own country these gentlemen have an irreproachable social position. I have really already forgotten the names of those I have seen. I assure you."—New York Mail and Express.

Goldsmith.

Not long before the close of Goldsmith's life he produced the brilliant and humorous lines of "Retaliation." Varied accounts are given of the origin of this poem. It will be remembered that in a joke Garriek wrote the following couplet as an epitaph for Goldsmith:

Here lies Nally Goldsmith, for shortness called Noll, Who wrote like an angel, but talked like poor poll.

It was on April 4, 1774, that Goldsmith died. The precise spot where he was buried in the Temple churchyard is unknown.

This is Johnson's summing up of the character of Goldsmith: "He had raised money and squandered it by every artifice of acquisition and folly of expense. But let not his frailties be remembered; he was a very great man."—William Black's "Life of Goldsmith."

Daniel Webster's Paper Cutter.

Joseph M. Terry of Peconic, N. Y., has presented a valuable relic of Daniel Webster to the Suffolk County Historical society. It is an ivory paper cutter which Mr. Webster used for a number of years in his library at Marshfield, Mass. Webster gave it to Charles Taylor, then a boy, whose father was at the time manager of Mr. Webster's farm. Young Taylor preserved the relic and several years ago while residing near Mr. Terry's house gave it to him.—New York Sun.

A Song About a Man.

"I will sing you a song about a man," said the minstrel. "By the way, did you ever notice that there never was a song written about a man? All songs are about roses and maidens and love and trysting places and sunsets and mothers; never one about the old man. Come to think about it, though, there was one, 'Father, Dear Father, Come Home With Me Now.' In this song the old man is drunk in the first verse."—Athens Globe.

Words Between Them.

Judge—You say that words passed between the accused and his wife. Did you hear what they were?

Witness—No, I didn't hear them, but I saw them.

"Saw them?"

"Yes. They were in the dictionary that he threw at her."—Boston Transcript.

The man who has to be made to go to church always gets mad when he finds strangers in his pew.—Indianapolis Journal.

Every day there hangs over London a vast smoke cloud that is estimated to weigh about 300 tons.

A physician calculates that it takes eight times the strength to go up stairs that is required for the same distance on the level.

Chichester cathedral spire is the only one which can be seen from the sea along the coast of Great Britain.

STORY OF THE YAZOO FRAUD

One of the Most Gigantic Trusts Ever Known in America.

One of the most gigantic trusts ever formed on this continent was in the early days of the republic, back in 1795. Several gentlemen organized themselves into a company for the purpose of purchasing from the state of Georgia her unclaimed western territory, extending from the Mississippi on the west to the Atlantic on the east and from the thirty-first degree of latitude north of the equator on the south to the southern boundary of Tennessee on the north, including what now constitutes the territory of Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi. This vast territory was purchased for \$500,000 and this was the commencement of the famous "Yazoo fraud," about which so much was said and written.

The bill authorizing the purchase and sale passed the Georgia legislature on Jan. 9, 1795, and it is said that members were paid all the way from eight negroes to 200,000 acres of land to vote for it. Corruption by bribery was open. Great indignation spread throughout the state, and upon the assembling of the legislature one year later an act was passed declaring that the said resurped act was null and void; that the records relating to the same be burned in order that no trace of so unconstitutional, vile and fraudulent a transaction should remain public.

"The infamous records were placed in one vast heap," said a senator, "and a small boy was set to fire that it might be said that the fire that destroyed it was from heaven. This is the first and only instance in the history of the country where a legislative body personally superintended the destruction by fire of its previous records of corrupt and obnoxious laws."—St. Paul Globe.

AN EDITOR'S APOLOGY.

A Happy Inspiration That Proved to Be a Boomerang.

The editor of a small provincial paper in Austria was in great difficulty to find a fit subject for his leading article, having been too intent upon other business or upon pleasure to provide one. The last moment had come, and the editor was in despair. He tortured his brain in vain, when he suddenly was inspired by a happy thought and dashed off the lines:

"After carefully perusing the leading article written for the present number by one of the ablest of our contributors, we have arrived at the conclusion that it may be misinterpreted by the authorities and regarded as an attack upon the government. We ourselves consider it to be perfectly innocent; but, as we are unwilling, for our readers' sake as well as for our own, to have our paper confiscated, we have very unwillingly, though, as we think, prudently, resolved to withdraw the article. This must serve as the apology to our readers for the blank space in our present issue."

The journal was published in the evening, and the sly editor, after performing this little piece of stratagem, left the office in high humor. As soon as he arrived in the office the next morning a clerk came up to him with a doleful expression and said: "Her Redaktor, the paper is confiscated by the police!" "For what reason?" asked the astonished editor. "For malicious ridicule of the institutions of the Austrian empire by the omission of the leading article," replied the man.

A Curious Shoe Trust.

Doyleson has four odd characters who pool their issues in buying shoes. They all have the same sized foot, and each regards this fact in the nature of a libel perpetrated upon him by the other three. Every year each one of the quartet chips in \$18, and the fund of \$72 is expended for shoes. Buying them in such quantities there is naturally a reduction in price. One would think that there would be an equal division of the shoes, but that isn't their little game.

The shoes are owned collectively, share and share alike, and when not being worn they are kept in a closet in the express office, which is the general lounging place of the quartet. If one man wants to wear new shoes, he goes to the express office and puts them on. If he wears russets in the daytime and wants to wear patent leathers in the evening, he goes to the express office and makes the change. They have been doing this for several years and claim they wouldn't wear shoes in any other way.—Philadelphia Record.

Why They Keep to the Right.

"It is a rare treat for a person to go through Europe the first time," said a returned tourist. "I visited one old palace in Scotland and was walking down a long corridor when I came to a sentinel, who told me to keep to the right. I could not see any reason why I should keep to the right and asked him why, but he said he could not tell. I finally asked the custodian, and he said he had looked it up in the archives of the palace and found that nearly 100 years ago the floor was painted, and some people walked over the fresh paint. The officer of the day was ordered to station a sentinel there to keep people off from the fresh paint and have them walk to the right. The order had never been countermanded, and from that day to this a sentinel stands there and tells everybody to keep to the right."—Indianapolis Press.

Antidotes For Carbolic Acid.

Alcohol and vinegar are effective antidotes for carbolic acid poisoning, a New York doctor announces. Whatever quantity of the poison has been swallowed, four times as much whiskey or five times as much vinegar should be administered immediately. No oil of any kind should be given. "Thus treated early enough," he adds, "all cases will recover."

"More Sociable."

A lady who has recently returned from abroad had a curious experience at the little town of Dinant, Belgium. She was traveling in a party of three, including another lady and a young man. They sought accommodation at a hotel and were shown a room in which there were three beds and on a deal table three basins and jugs about as big as slop basins and milk jugs.

The ladies explained that one room was quite insufficient for their needs, but it was a long time before they could get a house to understand why. They were then shown another room with three beds, three slop basins and three milk jugs and were told that they could have that, too, if they liked to pay for the six beds. It was therefore arranged that the man should have one room and three beds and the ladies the other room and three beds.

"Do you always sleep in threes?" said one lady to the hostess.

"Yes," was the reply; "it is much more sociable."—Madame.

Horse Racing on the Stage.

In racing scenes the horses do run at full speed. They run, however, not on the fixed stage, but on what may be called treadmills, which keep the horses in front of the house for longer or shorter periods, according as they are moved quickly or slowly. A picket fence, placed between the audience and the course, not only makes the scene more realistic; it also hides the mechanism of the treadmills. This fence has contributed in another way to add to the effect by being moved in opposition to the direction of the horses and so lending to their apparent speed.

As to the sounds made by the footfalls of horses to be heard as though passing outside the interior scene, they are reproduced by the dried hoofs of dead horses or wooden imitations mounted on handles and hammered against surfaces of stone, gravel, sod or whatever the occasion may demand. They are also more elaborately manufactured by revolving a cylinder with pins protruding from the surface. These pins are arranged, like the spurs on a hand organ roller, to imitate trotting, galloping or walking when struck against other substances. If the sound of a carriage is to be added to the tramping of horses, wheels are run on sand.—Cassell's Magazine.

Needed In His Business.

"I've decided," said the dignified old man, "to let you have that young Britely after all if you are positive that you can't be happy without him."

"Oh, father," the beautiful girl cried, "you don't know how happy you have made me! Now I can see the gates of paradise opening. Dear, dear, good, old papa! Let me kiss you for those sweet words! Oh, I can hardly wait to fly to him and tell him the glorious news. He will be so glad! We shall all be so happy now. It seems almost like a lovely dream! I can hardly believe that I am awake! But, tell me, what has made you change your mind? Yesterday when I tried to plead for him you said you would never permit us to see each other again. Ah, if you had known how those words bruised my heart! What has happened, father, to make you relent?"

"I sat in a little game of poker where he happened to have a hand last night, and if I don't get that money back in the family some way my business is going to suffer."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Afraid to Bid.

At an auction sale of miscellaneous goods at a country store the auctioneer put up a buggy robe of fairly good quality. An old farmer inspected it closely, seemed to think there was a bargain in it and yet he hesitated to bid.

"Think it cheap?" asked the auctioneer, crying a 10 cent bid.

"Yes, kinder," was the reply.

"Then why don't you bid and get it?"

"Waal, I've bought heaps o' things in dry goods and so on," slowly rejoined the old man, "and I never yet took home anything that the old woman thought was worth the price. If I get that 'ere robe for even 15 cents, she'd grab it up, pull at one end, chaw on a corner and call out: 'Cheated again! More'n half cotton!' That's the reason I dasn't bid."—Ohio State Journal.

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